

MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS
Educational Institution
BELARUSIAN STATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

Контрольный
экземпляр



APPROVED
by Rector of the Educational
Institution «Belarusian State
Medical University»

[Signature] S.P.Rubnikovich

18.09.2024

Reg. # UD-091-6-05-007/2425edu.

HISTORY OF BELARUSIAN STATEHOOD

**Curriculum of the educational institution
in the academic discipline for the specialties:**

7-07-0911-01 «General Medicine»;

7-07-0911-03 «Dentistry»;

7-07-0912-01 «Pharmacy»

Curriculum is based on the educational program «History of Belarusian Statehood», approved 18.09.2024, registration УД-091-6-05-007/2425/уч; on the educational plan in the specialty 7-07-0911-01 «General Medicine», approved 17.05.2023, registration # 7-07-0911-01/2425/mf., in the specialty 7-07-0911-03 «Dentistry», approved 17.05.2023, registration # 7-07-0911-03/2425/mf., in the specialty 7-07-0912-01 «Pharmacy» approved 17.05.2023, registration # 7-07-0912-01/2425/mf.

COMPILERS:

N.A.Poliak, Associate Professor of the Department of Philosophy and Political Science of educational institution «Belarusian State Medical University», PhD

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL:

by the Department of Philosophy and Political Science of the educational institution «Belarusian State Medical University»
(protocol # 2 of 12.09.2024);

by the Scientific and Methodological Council of the educational institution «Belarusian State Medical University»
(protocol # 1 of 18.09.2024)

EXPLANATORY NOTE

«History of Belarusian Statehood» – the academic discipline of the Module of Social and Humanitarian Disciplines, which contains systematized scientific knowledge about the historical past and directions of further development of the Belarusian state.

The aim of the discipline «History of Belarusian Statehood» is the formation a respectful attitude to the history of the Republic of Belarus and the positive perception of the traditions of the Belarusian people.

The objectives of the discipline are to form a system of knowledge about the history of the Belarusian statehood; to create a stable idea of the historical path and the goal of the further development of the Belarusian state; knowledge, skills and abilities necessary to comprehend the events and phenomena of reality in the close connection of the past, modern and future; reasoned and reliable formulation of their own position on topical issues of political, socio-economic and cultural spheres.

Studying the educational discipline «History of Belarusian Statehood» should ensure the formation of students' universal competence: have the ability to analyze the processes of state building in different historical periods, identify the factors and mechanisms of historical changes, determine the socio-political significance of historical events (personalities, artifacts and symbols) for modern Belarusian statehood.

As a result of studying the academic discipline «History of Belarusian statehood», the student should

know:

methodological foundations and periodization of the history of the Belarusian statehood;

key categories related to the history and state building of the Republic of Belarus;

characteristics of the constitutional system of the Republic of Belarus;

the main steps of the formation of the Belarusian nation in different historical periods;

historical-retrospective and modern characteristics of the cultural and civilizational development of Belarus;

be able to:

apply the acquired knowledge in practical, educational and professional spheres;

characterize conditions and results of formation of the Belarusian nation in different historical periods, the attributive features of the Belarusian nation;

analyze the process of the formation, the main facts and events in the history of the Belarusian statehood and evaluate them;

determine and argue the main ideas and values of the Belarusian development model;

master:

basic scientific and theoretical knowledge to solve theoretical and practical problems;

system and comparative analysis;

research skills;

skills of independent work with documents on history, scientific and reference books analysis of the historiography on the subject of the discipline;

interdisciplinary approach in solving problems.

Total number of hours for the study of the discipline is 108 academic hours, of which 54 classroom hours and 54 hours of student independent work. Classroom hours according to the types of studies: lectures - 24 hours (including 3 hours of supervised student independent work (SSIW)), seminars - 30 hours.

Intermediate assessment is carried out according to the syllabus of the specialty in the form of a credit (1 or 2 semester).

Form of higher education - full-time.

ALLOCATION OF ACADEMIC TIME ACCORDING TO SEMESTERS OF STUDY

Code, name of the specialty	semester	Number of academic hours						Form of intermediate assessment
		total	in-class	including			out-of-class self-studies	
				lectures	supervised student independent work	seminars		
7-07-0911-01 «General Medicine»	2	108	54	21	3	30	54	credit
7-07-0911-03 «Dentistry»	1	108	54	21	3	30	54	credit
7-07-0912-01 «Pharmacy»	1	108	54	21	3	30	54	credit

THEMATIC PLAN

Section (topic) name	Number of class hours	
	lectures (incl. SSIW)	seminars
1. The main stages of the Belarusian statehood development	13,5	16
1.1. Introduction to the academic discipline	-	1
1.2. The first state formations on the territory of Belarus	1,5	1
1.3. The Grand Duchy of Lithuania as a multiethnic feudal state of Eastern Europe	3	2
1.4. Belarus within the Russian empire	1,5	2
1.5. National-state building in 1917-1941	1,5	2
1.6. The Great Patriotic War as a key event of modern history. Medicine during the war	3	4
1.7. Restoration and post-war modernization of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	1,5	2
1.8. Stages of development of the independent Republic of Belarus	1,5	2
2. Fundamentals of the state structure of the Republic of Belarus	7,5	6
2.1. The Constitution as the Basic Law of the State	1,5	1
2.2. Legislative and judicial branches of government	1,5	1
2.3. The Government as the highest executive authority	-	1
2.4. President of the Republic of Belarus	1,5	1
2.5. Political parties and public associations	1,5	-
2.6. Regions of Belarus	1,5	2
3. Belarus at the intersection of cultures civilizations	3	8
3.1. Ethnogenesis of the Belarusians and the origin name «Belarus»	1,5	2
3.2. Peoples and religions of Belarus	-	2
3.3. Socio-economic model of modern Belarus	-	1
3.4. Belarus in the geopolitical space	1,5	1
3.5. State symbols of Belarus	-	2
Total hours	24	30

CONTENT OF THE EDUCATIONAL MATERIAL

1. The main stages of the Belarusian statehood development

1.1. Introduction to the academic discipline

The state as the main political institution. Independence and sovereignty. Nation and state. Stages of the Belarusian statehood formation and development. Historiography and sources on the history of the Belarusian state.

1.2. The first state formations on the territory of Belarus

The emergence of statehood among the Eastern Slavs. Ancient Ruthenia (Rus'). Common features and characteristics of the development of the Polack and Turau principalities. The Christianization of the Belarusian lands. Feudal fragmentation. The place of the Belarusian medieval principalities in the system of international relations.

1.3. The Grand Duchy of Lithuania as a multiethnic feudal state of Eastern Europe

Causes and basic concepts of formation of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania (Great principality of Lithuania). Unification of the Belarusian lands. The place and role of the Belarusian lands in the Grand Duchy of Lithuania. Expansion of the territory of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania. The struggle for the unification of Ruthenia. Relations with the Order and the Golden Horde. Kreva Union. Magdeburg Law. Legal and political significance of the Union of Lublin. The situation of the Belarusian lands in the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. Polonization as a factor of political, cultural and social life. «Nobles Democracy». Relations with neighbors and the weakening of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth.

1.4 Belarus within the Russian Empire

The policy of Russification and unification. The question of statehood in the socio-political life of Belarus in the first half of the XIXth century. The uprisings of 1830-1831 and 1863-1864. Economic development of the Belarusian lands and modernization processes. Western Russianism (Zapadnorusizm) and the Regionalizm (krajovasc). Formation of the Belarusian national idea. The magazine «Homan» and the activities of the Belarusian narodniks. The Belarusian Socialist community (Hramada). The first Russian Revolution of 1905-1907 in Belarus. The «Nasanivian» period in the development of the Belarusian national movement.

1.5. National-state building in 1917-1941

The First World War on the Belarusian lands. Activation of the national movement during the First World War. The Revolution of 1917 and the Belarusian question, the First All-Belarusian Congress of 1917. The proclamation of the Belarusian People's Republic. The Byelorussian National Commissariat and his role in the creation of the Lithuanian-Belorussian Soviet Socialist Republic (LitBelSSR). The Polish-Soviet War and the second proclamation of the Socialist Soviet Republic of Byelorussia. Middle Lithuania. The Riga Peace Treaty. The entry of Byelorussia into the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). Implementation of the national-state model of development. Creation of the industrial-agrarian republic. Formation of borders and administrative-territorial structure of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist

Republic (BSSR). National policy. Contradictions in the political, socio-economic and cultural development of the BSSR.

1.6. The Great Patriotic War as a key event of modern history. Medicine during the war **Что-то должно быть в содержании про вторую часть темы, сейчас нет ни слова**

Causes of World War II. Reunification of Western Belarus with the BSSR. The attack of Nazi Germany on the USSR. The occupation regime in Byelorussia. The genocide of the Byelorussian people and the demographic losses of Byelorussia in the war. The Holocaust. Collaboration. The scope and significance of the partisan and underground movement in Belarus. Organization of medical care at the front. Features of medical care in partisan conditions. The feat of medical workers. Participation of the Byelorussians in the key battles of the Great Patriotic War. Stages of the liberation of Byelorussia. The Byelorussian strategic offensive operation «Bagration». The contribution of the Byelorussian people to the Victory. The Great Patriotic War in the historical memory of Byelorussians.

1.7. Restoration and post-war modernization of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic

The BSSR as the founding country of the United Nations (UN). Attempts to democratize the socio-political life in the second half of the 1950s - the first half of the 1960s. The growth of stagnation in the 1970s - the first half of the 1980s. Socio-political processes in the BSSR at the turn of the 1980s-1990s.

1.8. Stages of development of the independent Republic of Belarus

The withdrawal of Belarus from the USSR. The political and economic crisis of the first years of independence. Adoption of the Constitution and the first election of the President of the Republic of Belarus. Referendum of 1995, 1996, 2004 and their impact on the stabilization of the situation in the country. Features of sociopolitical development at the beginning of the XXI century. Modern achievements of the Belarusian state.

2. Fundamentals of the state structure of the Republic of Belarus

2.1. The Constitution as the Basic Law of the State

«Ruthenian Truth». Statutes of the Grand Principality of Lithuania. The Constitution of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. The Constitutions of the SSRB and the BSSR. Declaration of State Sovereignty of the BSSR. Recognition of the principles of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. The Constitution of Belarus and the nature of the amendments made to it. A person, his rights, freedoms and guarantees of their realization as the highest value and goal of society and the state, proclaimed by the Constitution. Hierarchy of regulatory legal acts.

2.2. Legislative and judicial branches of government

Pre-parliamentary forms of representation: Veche and Sejms. The Belarusian deputies in the State Duma of the Russian Empire. Soviet form of the people's representation: The CEC and the Supreme Council. The National Assembly as the bicameral parliament of sovereign Belarus. Structure and functions of the Council of the Republic and the House of Representatives. Historical forms of judicial bodies in the national history. Types and powers of modern courts in the Republic of Belarus.

The Supreme and Constitutional Courts. The procedure for the selection and appointment of judges.

2.3. The Government as the highest executive authority

The ranks of the princely administration in Ancient Ruthenia. The main officials of the central office in Grand Duchy of Lithuania. The emergence of a ministerial form of organization of executive power. Belarusians in the highest government positions in the Russian Empire. The Council of People's Commissars and the Council of Ministers of the Byelorussian SSR. Structure, functions and tasks of the Cabinet of Ministers and the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Belarus. Prime Minister.

2.4. President of the Republic of Belarus

The specifics of the organization of the country's top leadership in the Soviet times. The Presidential Republic as the choice of the Belarusian people. The order of presidential elections. The functions and powers of the head of state as a guarantor of the observance of the Constitution, the rights and freedoms of citizens. The President as the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Belarus.

2.5. Political parties and public associations

Historical retrospective of the development of political parties and public associations in Belarus. The transition from a one-party system to a multiparty system. The regulatory framework for the activities of parties and public associations. Typologization of political parties and public associations in the Republic of Belarus. Their role in the development of the society and the state.

2.6. Regions of Belarus

Historical forms of the administrative-territorial division in the Belarusian lands: specific principalities, voivodeships and powiats, provinces, counties (uezds), volosts, districts, areas (okrugs), regions (oblasts). Modern administrative-territorial division of the Republic of Belarus. Functions and powers of local government and self-government.

3. Belarus at the intersection of cultures and civilizations

3.1. Ethnogenesis of the Belarusians and the origin of the name «Belarus»

The main hypotheses about the origin of the Belarusians. Stages of the formation of the Belarusian nation. Factors that influenced the genesis and further development. The Belarusians in the world, the Diaspora. Ruthenia and Lithuania. White Ruthenia - Black Ruthenia - Red Ruthenia - Byelorussia - Belarus. Language policy and language situation.

3.2. Peoples and religions of Belarus

The history of the formation of the main ethnic groups in Belarus. Ethnic composition of modern Belarus. Brief history of confessions in Belarus. Principles of state policy in the ethnoconfessional sphere.

3.3. Socio-economic model of modern Belarus

Prerequisites for the formation of the Belarusian model of socio-economic development. The main factors of the modern economic development of Belarus. The state for the people as the main principle of the national socio-economic model. The All-Belarusian People's Assemblies. Programs of the socio-economic development of

the Republic of Belarus. The main indicators of the development of the domestic economy.

3.4. Belarus in the geopolitical space

The geopolitical factor of the Belarusian statehood formation. The current geopolitical situation of Belarus. The multi-vector nature of foreign policy. The «near arc» and «far arc» of international relations. Strategic partners of Belarus. Belarus in integration communities.

3.5. State symbols of Belarus

Historical symbols on the Belarusian lands. The history and symbolic meaning of the State Flag. The State Emblem and its semantic interpretation. The State Anthem is a musical reflection of the state tradition. State holidays of the Republic of Belarus and their significance.

ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE CURRICULAR CHART

Section, topic #	Section (topic) name	Number of hours		Supervised student independent work	Literature	Practical skills	Form of control	
		lectures	seminars				of practical skills	of current / intermediate assessment
	Lectures	21	-	3				
1.2	The first state formations on the territory of Belarus	1,5	-	-	1,2,10			
1.3	The Grand Duchy of Lithuania as a multiethnic feudal state of Eastern Europe	1,5	-	-	1,2,3,5,10			
1.3	The situation of the Belarusian lands in the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth	1,5	-	-	1,2,3,5,10			
1.4	Belarus as part of the Russian Empire	1,5	-	-	1,2,3,5,10			
1.5	National-state construction in 1917-1941	1,5	-	-	1,2,10			
1.6	The Great Patriotic War as a key event in modern history	1,5	-	1,5	1,2,8,10			Tests
1.7	Restoration and post-war modernization of the BSSR	1,5	-	-	1,2,10			
1.8	Stages of development of the independent Republic of Belarus	1,5	-	-	1,6,10			
2.1	Constitution of the Republic of Belarus	1,5	-	-	6,7,10			
2.2	Legislative and judicial branches of government	1,5	-	-	6,7,10			
2.3	The Government as the highest executive authority.	1,5	-	-	6,7,10			
2.4	The President of the Republic of Belarus	1,5	-	-	6,7,10			
2.5	Political parties and public associations	1,5	-	-	7,8,10			
2.6	Regions of Belarus	-	-	1,5	4,10			Survey

3.1	Ethnogenesis of Belarusians and the origin of the name «Belarus»	1,5	-	-	1,2,4,9			
3.4	Belarus in the geopolitical space	1,5	-	-	6,10			
	Seminar lessons	-	30	-				
1.1	The first state formations on the territory of Belarus	-	2	-	1,2,10			Survey
1.2								
1.3	The Grand Duchy of Lithuania as a multiethnic feudal state of Eastern Europe	-	2	-	1,2,3,10	The skill in understanding the chronology of historical events	Survey	Survey
1.4	Belarus as part of the Russian Empire	-	2	-	1,2,3	The skill in understanding the chronology of historical events	Survey	Survey
1.5	National-state construction in 1917-1941	-	2	-	1,2,3			Survey
1.6	The Great Patriotic War as a key event in modern history	-	2	-	1,2,8,10			Tests
1.6	Medicine during the war	-	2	-	1,2,8,10			Survey
1.7	Restoration and post-war modernization of the BSSR	-	2	-	1,2,8,10			Survey
1.8	Stages of development of the independent Republic of Belarus	-	2	-	1,6,10	Evaluation of events (persons, artifacts, symbols) for modern Belarusian statehood	Survey	Colloquium* Survey
2.1	Constitution of the Republic of Belarus. Legislative and judicial branches of government	-	2	-	6,7,10			Survey
2.2								
2.3	The Government as the highest executive authority.	-	2	-	6,7,10			Survey
2.4	The President of the Republic							
2.5	Regions of Belarus	-	2	-	1,9,10	Analysis of the processes of state building in different	Written survey	Colloquium* Survey
2.6								

						historical periods		
3.1	Ethnogenesis of Belarusians and the origin of the name «Belarus»	-	2	-	1,2,9,10			Survey
3.2	Peoples and religions of Belarus	-	2	-	1,2,3			Survey
3.3	Socio-economic model of the country. Belarus in	-	2	-	6,7,10			
3.4	the geopolitical space							
3.5	State symbols of Belarus	-	2	-	4,9,10	Analysis of literature and sources on the history of Belarusian statehood	Discussion of abstracts	Colloquium* Abstract Credit
	Total hours	21	30	3				

*This is a mandatory form of current certification

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONAL UNIT

LITERATURE

Basic (relevant):

1. Короленок, Л. Г. История Беларуси = History of Belarus : Manual for the Medical Faculty for International Students (Course of studies in English) : пособие для студентов ф-та иностр. учащихся / Л. Г. Короленок – Гродно : ГрГМУ, 2018. – 144 с.

Additional:

2. Belarus : pages of history / А. А. Kovalenya [et al.]; National Academy of Sciences of Belarus Institute of History. – Minsk : Belaruskaya navuka, 2018. – 387 p.

3. Аляксееў, А. А. Спадчына Беларусі. Наследие Беларуси. Heritage of Belarus : кніга-альбом на бел., рус. і англ. мовах / А. А. Аляксееў, А. В. Лукашэвіч. – Мінск : выд А. А. Аляксееў, 2017. – 319 с.

4. Беларусь. Краіна і людзі = Belarus. The Land and The People : фотаальбом. – Мінск : Беларус. Энцыкл. ім. П. Броўкі, 2016. – 392 с.

5. Корбут, В. А. Мінск. Спадчына старога горада. 1067-1917 = Минск. Наследие старого города. 1067-1917 = Minsk. Heritage of the old city. 1067-1917 / В. А. Корбут, Д. М. Ласько. – Мінск : Беларусь, 2016. – 413 с.

6. Короленок, Л. Г. Концепции идеологии. Идеология Республики Беларусь = Certain concepts of ideology. Ideology of the Republic of Belarus : пособие для студентов фак. иностр. учащихся / Л. Г. Короленок. – Гродно : ГрГМУ, 2018. – 116 с.

7. Короленок, Л. Г. Основы политологии = Fundamentals of political science: пособие для студентов фак. иностр. учащихся с англ. яз. обучения / Короленок, Л. Г. – Гродно : ГрГМУ, 2018. – 212с.

8. Сацукевич, И. И. Минск : из руин к процветанию = Minsk : from ruins to prosperity / И. И. Сацукевич. – Мінск : Беларус. энцыкл. імя П. Броўкі, 2020. – 255 с.

9. Сімвалы Беларусі. Символы Беларуси. Symbols of Belarus / склад. В. А. Тыворская, В. А. Дудко. – Мінск : Беларус. энцыкл. імя П. Броўкі, 2020. – 223 с.

Electronic courseware for the academic discipline «History of Belarusian Statehood»

10. <https://etest.bsmu.by/course/view.php?id=1343>

METHODOLOGICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE ORGANIZATION AND PERFORMANCE OF STUDENT INDEPENDENT WORK IN THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

The time allocated for independent work can be used by students for:
 preparation for lectures, seminars;
 preparation for control surveys, tests;
 working out of issues that are submitted for independent study;
 performing research and creative tasks;
 study of primary sources and documents.

METHODOLOGICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE ORGANIZATION AND PERFORMANCE OF SUPERVISED STUDENT INDEPENDENT WORK IN THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

List of tasks for supervised independent work:
 preparation of thematic reports, essays, presentations;
 summarizing primary sources (collections of documents, monographs, educational publications, etc.);
 compiling tests for organizing mutual control.

Forms of control for supervised independent work:
 survey;
 testing.

LIST OF AVAILABLE DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS

The following forms are used for competence assessment:
 defense of the abstract (report);
 testing;
 colloquium;
 survey.

LIST OF AVAILABLE TEACHING METHODS

Traditional method;
 Active (interactive) methods:
 Problem-Based Learning (PBL);
 Team-Based Learning (TBL);
 Research-Based Learning (RBL).

LIST OF PRACTICAL SKILLS

Name of practical skills	Form of practical skills control
1. Analysis of the processes of state building in different historical periods	written survey
2. The skill in understanding the chronology of historical events	survey
3. Evaluation of events (persons, artifacts, symbols) for modern Belarusian statehood	survey
4. Analysis of literature and sources on the history of Belarusian statehood	survey

**PROTOCOL OF THE CURRICULUM APPROVAL
BY OTHER DEPARTMENTS**

Title of the discipline requiring approval	Department	Amendments to the curriculum in the academic discipline	Decision of the department, which designed the curriculum (date, protocol #)
Great Patriotic War of the Soviet people (in the context of World War II)	Department of Philosophy and Political Science	There are no suggestions or comments.	protocol # 2 of 12.09.2024

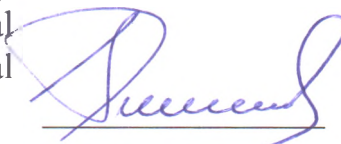
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O.L.Poznjakova

Curriculum content, composition and the accompanying documents comply with the established requirements.

Head of the Office of Educational Activities of the educational institution «Belarusian State Medical University»

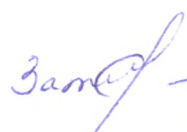
16.09.2024



I.L.Kotovich

Methodologist of the Educational and Methodological department of the Office of Educational Activities of the educational institution «Belarusian State Medical University»

16.09.2024



S.V.Zaturanova